Claims

1. A composition containing

polypropylene prepared by polymerization over a metallocene catalyst or a polypropylene copolymer prepared by polymerization over a metallocene catalyst, and

a stabilizer mixture comprising

(A) a compound of the formula (A-II) or a product (A-II) or a compound of the formula (A-III);

wherein

 A_1 , A_3 , A_4 and A_5 independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1 - C_{12} alkyl, C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkyl-substituted C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkyl, phenyl, -OH- and/or C_1 - C_{10} alkyl-substituted phenyl, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl which is substituted on the phenyl

radical by -OH and/or C₁-C₁₀alkyl; or a group of the formula (a-1),

with A_6 being hydrogen, C_1 - C_9 alkyl, O, -OH, -CH₂CN, C_1 - C_{18} alkoxy, C_5 - C_{12} cycloalkoxy, C_5 - C_6 alkenyl, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl by 1, 2 or 3 C_1 - C_4 alkyl; or C_1 - C_9 acyl,

 A_2 is C_2 - C_{18} alkylene, C_5 - C_7 cycloalkylene or C_1 - C_4 alkylenedi(C_5 - C_7 cycloalkylene), or the radicals A_1 , A_2 and A_3 , together with the nitrogen atoms to which they are attached, form a 5- to 10-membered heterocyclic ring, or

 A_4 and A_5 , together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a 5- to 10-membered heterocyclic ring,

n₁ is a number from 2 to 50, and

at least one of the radicals A₁, A₃, A₄ and A₅ is a group of the formula (a-1):

a product (A-II) obtainable by reacting a product, obtained by reaction of a polyamine of the formula (A-II-1) with cyanuric chloride, with a compound of the formula (A-II-2)

$$H_2N - (CH_2)_{\overline{\Pi'_2}} NH - (CH_2)_{\overline{\Pi''_2}} NH - (CH_2)_{\overline{\Pi'''_2}} NH - (CH_2)_{\overline{\Pi'''_2}} NH_2$$
 (A-II-1)

$$H_3C$$
 H_3C
 CH_3
 CH_3
 CH_3

in which

 $n'_2,\,n''_2$ and n'''_2 independently of one another are a number from 2 to 12, A_7 is hydrogen, $C_1\text{-}C_{12}$ alkyl, $C_5\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl or $C_7\text{-}C_9$ phenylalkyl, and A_8 has one of the meanings of A_6 ;

wherein

 $A_{\theta} \ and \ A_{13} \ independently \ of \ one \ another \ are \ hydrogen \ or \ C_1-C_{12} alkyl,$ $A_{10}, \ A_{11} \ and \ A_{12} \ independently \ of \ one \ another \ are \ C_2-C_{10} alkylene, \ and$ $X_1, \ X_2, \ X_3, \ X_4, \ X_5, \ X_6, \ X_7 \ and \ X_8 \ independently \ of \ one \ another \ are \ a \ group \ of \ the \ formula \ (V),$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ &$$

in which A_{14} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_1 2alkyl, C_5 - C_1 2cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkyl-substituted C_5 - C_1 2cycloalkyl, phenyl, -OH- and/or C_1 - C_1 0alkyl-substituted phenyl, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl which is substituted on the phenyl radical by -OH and/or C_1 - C_1 0alkyl; or a group of the formula (a-1) as defined above, and

A₁₅ has one of the meanings of A₆;

and

(B) a compound of the formula (B-I), (B-II) or (B-III);

$$\begin{bmatrix} H_3C & CH_3 & & & \\ E_7 & & & & \\ H_3C & CH_3 & & & \\ & & & & \\ \end{bmatrix}_{M_1}$$
 (B-I)

in which

 $E_1 \text{ is hydrogen, } C_1\text{-}C_8\text{alkyl, -}O^\text{-}, \text{-}OH, \text{-}CH_2\text{CN, } C_1\text{-}C_{18}\text{alkoxy, } C_1\text{-}C_{18}\text{alkoxy substituted by } \text{-}OH; C_6\text{-}C_{12}\text{cycloalkoxy, } C_9\text{-}C_8\text{alkenyl, } C_7\text{-}C_9\text{phenylalkyl unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl by 1, 2 or 3 <math>C_1\text{-}C_4\text{alkyl; } \text{or } C_1\text{-}C_9\text{acyl,}$

m₁ is 1, 2 or 4,

if m1 is 1, E2 is C1-C25alkyl,

if m_1 is 2, E_2 is C_1 - C_{14} alkylene or a group of the formula (b-1)

wherein E_3 is C_1 - C_{10} alkyl or C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl, E_4 is C_1 - C_{10} alkylene, and E_6 and E_6 independently of one another are C_1 - C_4 alkyl, cyclohexyl or methylcyclohexyl, and

if m₁ is 4, E₂ is C₄-C₁₀alkanetetrayl;

in which

two of the radicals E_7 are -COO-(C_1 - C_{20} alkyl), and two of the radicals E_7 are a group of the formula (b-2)

$$-- \begin{array}{c} H_3C \\ \hline \\ N - E_9 \end{array}$$

$$H_3C \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_4 \end{array}$$

$$(b-2)$$

with E₈ having one of the meanings of E₁;

wherein

the radicals E_9 independently of one another have one of the meanings of E_1 , and E_{10} is C_2 - C_{22} alkylene, C_5 - C_7 cycloalkylene, C_1 - C_4 alkylenedi(C_5 - C_7 cycloalkylene), phenylene or phenylenedi(C_1 - C_4 alkylene),

2. A composition according to claim 1 wherein

 A_1 , A_3 , A_4 and A_5 independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_5 - C_8 cycloalkyl, methyl-substituted C_5 - C_8 cycloalkyl, phenyl, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl or a group of the formula (II), or the radicals A_4 and A_5 , together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a 6-membered heterocyclic ring,

A₂ is C₂-C₁₀alkylene, and

n₁ is a number from 2 to 25;

 $n^{\prime}_{2},\,n^{\prime\prime}_{2}$ and $n^{\prime\prime\prime}_{2}$ independently of one another are a number from 2 to 4, and

A7 is hydrogen, C1-C4alkyl, C5-C8cycloalkyl, phenyl or benzyl;

m₁ is 1, 2 or 4,

if m1 is 1, E2 is C12-C20alkyl,

if m₁ is 2, E₂ is C₂-C₁₀alkylene or a group of the formula (b-1),

E3 is C1-C4alkyl,

E4 is C1-C6alkylene, and

E₅ and E₆ independently of one another are C₁-C₄alkyl, and

if m₁ is 4, E₂ is C₄-C₈alkanetetrayl;

two of the radicals E_7 are -COO-(C_{10} - C_{18} alkyl), and two of the radicals E_7 are a group of the formula (b-2); and E_{10} is C_2 - C_8 alkylene.

- 3. A composition according to claim 1 wherein A_6 , A_8 , E_1 , E_8 and E_9 are hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_1 - C_8 alkoxy.
- 4. A composition according to claim 1 wherein component (A) is a compound of the formula (A-I-1), (A-I-2), (A-I-3) or (A-I-4), or a product (A-II-a) or a compound of the formula (A-III-1);

wherein A₆ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄alkyl or C₁-C₈alkoxy and n₁ is a number from 2 to 25;

a product (A-II-a) obtainable by reacting a product, obtained by reaction of a polyamine of the formula (A-II-1-a) with cyanuric chloride, with a compound of the formula (A-II-2-a)

$$H_2N - (CH_2) - NH - (CH_2) - NH - (CH_2) - NH_2$$
 (A-II-1-a)

wherein A₈ is hydrogen C₁-C₄alkyl or C₁-C₈alkoxy;

and

component B) is a compound of the formula (B-I-1), (B-I-2), (B-I-3), (B-I-4), (B-II-1) or (B-III-1);

$$\begin{bmatrix} H_3C & CH_3 & O \\ E_1-N & O-C \\ H_3C & CH_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_4H_9 & C(CH_9)_3 \\ C & CH_2 \\ C & C(CH_9)_3 \end{bmatrix}$$
(B-I-3)

wherein E_1 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 alkoxy substituted by -OH;

in which two of the radicals E7 are -COO-C13H27 and

two of the radicals
$$E_7$$
 are $\begin{array}{c} H_3C \\ \hline \\ N \\ \hline \\ H_3C \\ \hline \\ CH_3 \\ \end{array}$ and E_8 has one of the meanings

of E1;

wherein E9 has one of the meanings of E1.

5. A composition according to claim 1 wherein

component (A) is a compound of the formula (A-I-1) and component (B) is a compound of the formula (B-I-1), (B-I-2), (B-I-3), (B-I-4), (B-II-1) or (B-III-1); or component (A) is a compound of the formula (A-I-2) and component (B) is a compound of the formula (B-I-1), (B-I-2), (B-I-3), (B-I-4), (B-II-1) or (B-III-1); or component (A) is a compound of the formula (A-I-3) and component (B) is a compound of the formula (B-I-1), (B-I-2), (B-I-3), (B-I-4), (B-II-1) or (B-III-1); or component (A) is a compound of the formula (A-I-4) and component (B) is a compound of the formula (B-I-1), (B-I-2), (B-I-3), (B-I-4), (B-II-1) or (B-III-1); or component (A) is a product (A-II-a) and component (B) is a compound of the formula (B-I-1), (B-I-2), (B-I-4), (B-II-1) or (B-III-1); or component (A) is a compound of the formula (A-III-1) and component (B) is a compound of the formula (B-I-1), (B-I-2), (B-I-3), (B-I-4), (B-II-1) or (B-III-1).

6. A composition according to claim 1 wherein component (A) corresponds to the compound of the formula (A-I-1-a)

wherein n_1 is a number from 2 to 20; and component (B) corresponds to the compound of the formula (B-I-2-a).

7. A composition according to claim 1 wherein component (A) corresponds to the compound of the formula (A-I-2-a) or (A-III-1)

wherein n₁ is a number from 2 to 20;

and

component (B) corresponds to the compound of the formula (B-I-2-a).

- 8. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1, which additionally contains as a further component
- (X-1) a pigment or
- (X-2) an UV absorber or
- (X-3) a pigment and an UV absorber.
- 9. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1, which additionally contains as a further component
- (XX) an organic salt of Ca, an inorganic salt of Ca, Ca oxide or Ca hydroxide.
- 10. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1, which additionally contains as a further component

(XXX) at least an organic salt of Zn, an inorganic salt of Zn, Zn oxide, Zn hydroxide, an organic salt of Mg, an inorganic salt of Mg, Mg oxide or Mg hydroxide.

- 11. A method for stabilizing polypropylene prepared by polymerization over a metallocene catalyst or a polypropylene copolymer prepared by polymerization over a metallocene catalyst, which comprises incorporating into the polypropylene or polypropylene copolymer a stabilizer mixture as defined in claim 1.
- 12. A method for stabilizing polypropylene prepared by polymerization over a metallocene catalyst or a polypropylene copolymer prepared by polymerization over a metallocene catalyst, which comprises incorporating into the polypropylene or polypropylene copolymer a stabilizer mixture as defined in claim 6.